

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

## Worksheet C -- Vocabulary

*Write each of the following terms next to the numbered phrase that best describes it.*

|         |       |         |          |         |        |
|---------|-------|---------|----------|---------|--------|
| animal  | genus | phylum  | taxonomy | class   | order  |
| kingdom | plant | species | family   | moneran | fungus |
| protist |       |         |          |         |        |

- \_\_\_\_\_ The largest classification group used for classifying all organisms
- \_\_\_\_\_ Name of kingdom of many-celled organisms that move about and eat food; humans are classified as members of this kingdom
- \_\_\_\_\_ A phylum is divided into this level of classification: mammals are an example of this unit
- \_\_\_\_\_ An order is divided into this level of classification: Ursidae is an example
- \_\_\_\_\_ Name of kingdom of many-celled organisms that contain chlorophyll and do not move about on their own.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Level of classification into which each family of organisms is divided: the first part of a scientific name
- \_\_\_\_\_ Many-celled organism that absorbs nutrients from other organisms
- \_\_\_\_\_ Organisms in this kingdom are the simplest single-celled organisms. They reproduce by cell division.
- \_\_\_\_\_ The largest level into which the animal kingdom is divided
- \_\_\_\_\_ One of a group of mostly single-celled organisms that have cells with nuclei and organelles and some with cell walls; an ameba would be classified in this kingdom.
- \_\_\_\_\_ The seventh level of classification for organisms
- \_\_\_\_\_ Science of classifying living things
- \_\_\_\_\_ A class is divided into this level of classification: carnivora is an example

# Review

1. Why are the many types of organisms classified into groups?

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2. How do scientists name organisms?

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3. Which group includes more organisms – a kingdom or a species? \_\_\_\_\_

4. What are the seven major levels of classification in used today? Name them in order from largest to smallest.

a.

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b.

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c.

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d.

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e.

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f.

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g.

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